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[a0417001@daegu.ac.kr](mailto:a0417001@daegu.ac.kr)**SIGN K-POTENT SIGN PATTERN MATRICES THAT ALLOW K-POTENCE**

**Abstract.** For a real number  $a$ , the sign of  $a$  is defined +, - or 0 if  $a$  is a positive, negative or 0, respectively. A matrix whose entries consist of just symbols +, - and 0 is called a sign pattern matrix. If  $P$  is a property of a real matrix, then a sign pattern matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]$  allows  $P$  if there is a matrix  $B$ , the signs of whose entries equal to  $a_{ij}$ , with the property  $P$ .

By the Frobenius theorem, we can prove easily that all the irreducible sign  $k$ -potent sign pattern matrices are allowed  $k$ -potence. But, not all reducible sign  $k$ -potent sign pattern matrices allow  $k$ -potence.

In this paper, we provide a necessary and sufficient condition for a sign  $k$ -potent sign pattern matrix to allow  $k$ -potence. Furthermore, we show that if  $A$  is a sign  $k$ -potent sign pattern matrix, then  $A$  allows  $k$ -potence if and only if  $|A| = [|a_{ij}|]$  allows  $k$ -potence.

By the definition of the multiplication of sign pattern matrix, the entries in the block submatrix of  $A$  which are induced by the Frobenius normal form does not have the opposite sign. Hence we can construct the reduced block matrix of  $A$ , denote  $\text{red}(A)$ . We prove that for a sign  $k$ -potent sign pattern matrix  $A$ ,  $A$  allows the  $k$ -potence if and only if  $\text{red}(A)$  also allows  $k$ -potence.

**Key words** sign pattern matrices, sign  $k$ -potent sign pattern matrix,  $k$ -potence, allow.

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